

**MRSPTU ASSIGNMENT-1, 2 COURSE CODE BPHY0-101
COURSE APPLIED PHYSICS**

Assignment of first unit

(EM waves and Dielectrics and Quantum Theory)

Course: B.Tech. 1st year

- Q1 Show that magnetic monopoles never exist.
- Q2 Examine whether the field given by $E = a(xy^2 \mathbf{i} + y^3 \mathbf{j})$ is conservative.
- Q3 Show that vector field $F = (x+2y+az)\mathbf{i} + (bx-3y-2)\mathbf{j} + (4x+cy+2z)\mathbf{k}$ is irrotational.
- Q4 Calculate divergence of E if $E = -5\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} - 10\mathbf{k}$.
- Q5 What is the energy of gamma ray having a wavelength of 1 angstrom?
- Q6 Using uncertainty relation, show that electrons are not present in the nucleus.
- Q7 An electron is bound by potential which closely approaches an infinite square well of width 2.5×10^{-10} m. calculate the lowest three permissible quantum energies the electron can have.
- Q8 Find the probability that a particle trapped in a box L wide can be found between 0.45 L and 0.55 L for the ground and first excited states.
- Q9 The wave function of a particle confined to a box of length L is

$$\Psi(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{\pi x}{2}$$

in the region $0 < x < L$ and zero everywhere else. Calculate the probability of finding the particle in the region $0 < x < L/2$.

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COURSE APPLIED PHYSICS**

Assignment of Second unit

(Elements of crystallography and Magnetic materials and Superconductivity)

Course: B.Tech. 1st year

- Q1 Calculate the wavelength of X-rays produced when the potential difference is 12400 volts.
- Q2 X-rays of wavelength 2×10^{-11} m suffer 1st order reflection from (111) crystal plane at an angle of 45° . What is the interatomic spacing of the crystal?
- Q3 For a simple cubic lattice calculate: $d_{100}:d_{110}:d_{111}$.
- Q4 Calculate the energy of neutrons that produces first order Bragg's diffraction at 20° , when incident on a plane separated by a distance 2angstrom.
- Q5 Why type II superconductors are more important?
- Q6 The critical temperature of Nb is 9.15 K. At zero Kelvin the critical field is 0.196 T. Calculate the critical field at 6 K.
- Q7 The isotopes of lead of atomic mass 206 and 210 have T_c values 7.193 K and 7.125 K respectively. Calculate the value of isotope effect coefficient.
- Q8 Calculate the critical current which can flow through a long thin superconducting wire of diameter 10^{-3} m. Given $H_c = 7.9 \times 10^3$ Amp/m.